Știința deschisă pentru perfecționarea practicilor de cercetare

Evenimentul Național de Diseminare NI4OS-Europe în Moldova 22 aprilie 2021, online

Acad., Prof. Ion Tighineanu, Academia de Științe a Moldovei



Știința Deschisă – Inovarea Colaborativă și Globală

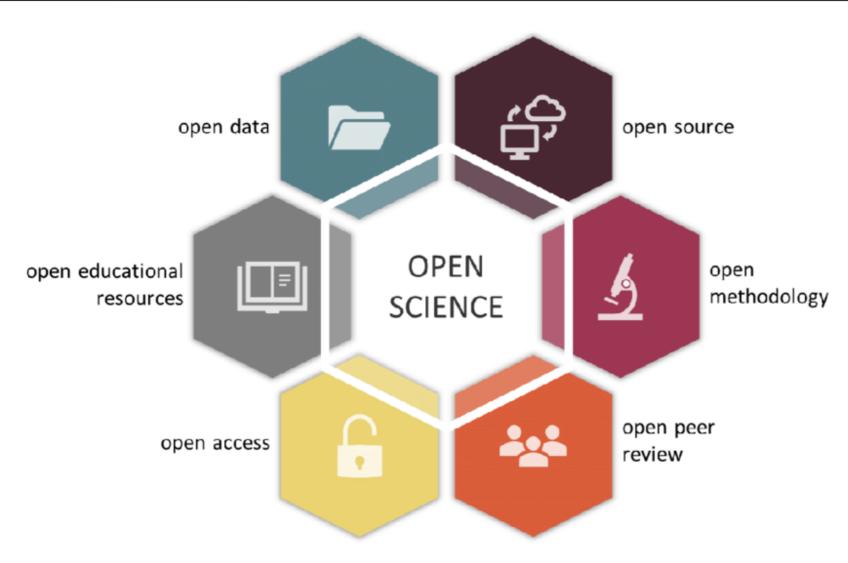




https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/ news/open-innovation-open-science-openworld, publicație din mai 2016

6 Elemente Cheie ale Științei Deschise



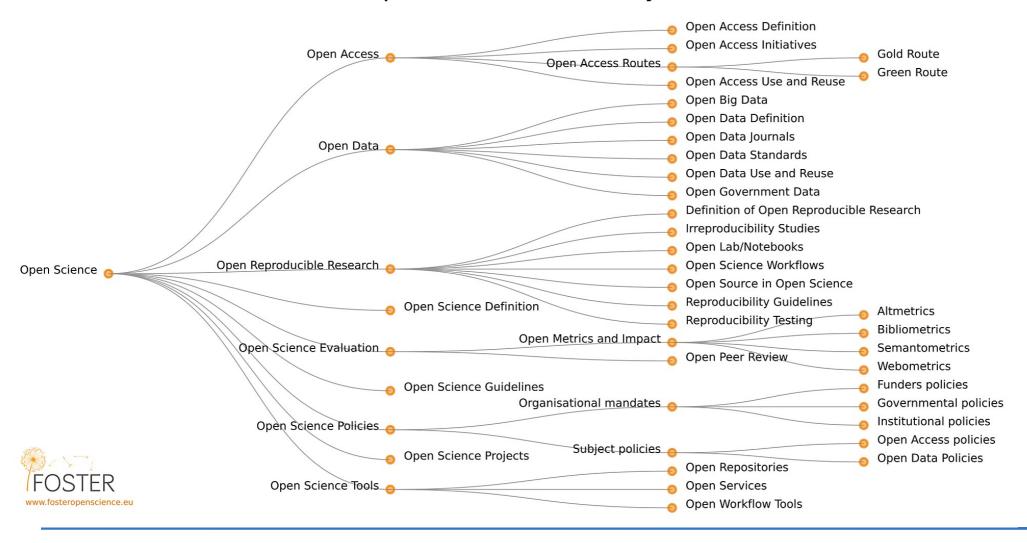


Imagine din R.Gallagher, D.Falster et al. "The Open Traits Network: Using Open Science principles to accelerate trait-based science across the Tree of Life" DOI: 10.32942/osf.io/kac45

Taxonomia Științei Deschise



Open Science Taxonomy



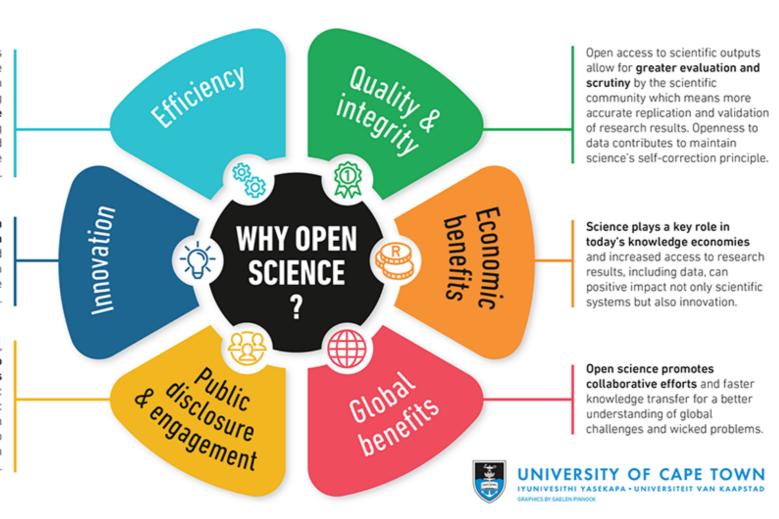
Beneficiile Științei Deschise



Greater access to scientific inputs and outputs can increase scientific productivity through reducing duplication, allowing more research from the same data and multiplying opportunities for domestic and global participation in the research process.

Open science can reduce delays in the re-use of scientific research including articles and data, and promote a swifter path from research to innovation to produce new products and services.

Science, often publicly funded, should be publicly accessible to promote a greater awareness among citizens and to build public trust and support for public policies and investments in research. Open science also promotes citizen science in experiments and data collection.



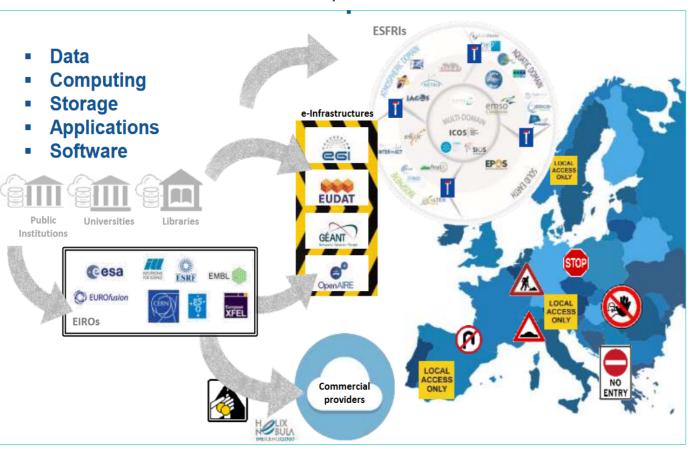
Imagine din

Gaelen Pinnock/UCT; CC-BY-SA 4.0

Inițiativa EOSC



Previous model of European data infrastructures



Source: EOSC Strategic Implementation Roadmap 2018-2020, May 2018, European Commission

From fragmentation and uneven access to information to a federated model, where access to data would be universal, building on a strong legacy



EOSC model: federation of data infrastructures